## Consumer Confidence Survey March 2022 (62nd Wave)

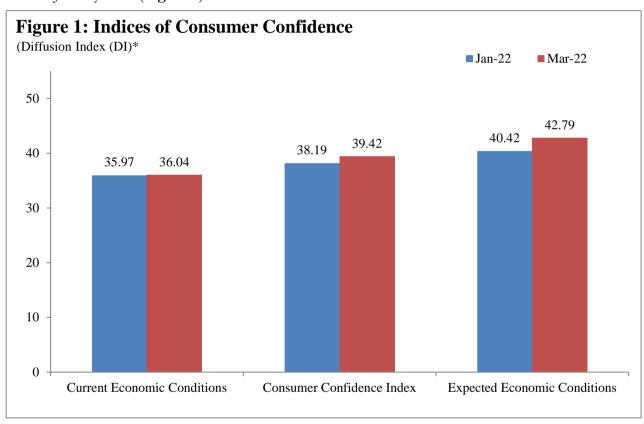
Consumer Confidence Survey (CCS) is a stratified random telephone survey of households across Pakistan. Launched in January 2012 and having a two-monthly frequency. This survey is conducted by the Institute of Business Administration (IBA) Karachi and the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP). The current wave of the survey was conducted during 24th February – 3th March 2022; and 1,728 households were surveyed.

Disclaimer: The results of these surveys are disseminated for general information only. These are opinions of households and may not be considered either as SBP views or as endorsement by SBP.

### Overview

The main results of March 2022 survey are summarized below:

- a) Overall Consumer Confidence Index (CCI) increased by 3.2% in March 2022;
- b) Increase in CCI was a result of an increase in both the Expected Economic Conditions (by 5.9%) and the Current Economic Conditions (by 0.2%) (see **Table 1**);
- c) Consumers' Inflation Expectations decreased by 2.1% in March 2022 as compared with January 2022 (**Figure 5**).



<sup>\*</sup>Where DI ranges from 0 to 100; interpretation of which is as follows:1

DI > 50 indicates that Positive views are more than Negative views;

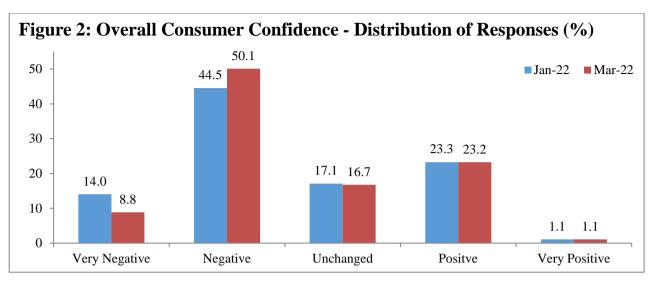
DI = 50 indicates that Positive views and Negative views are equal;

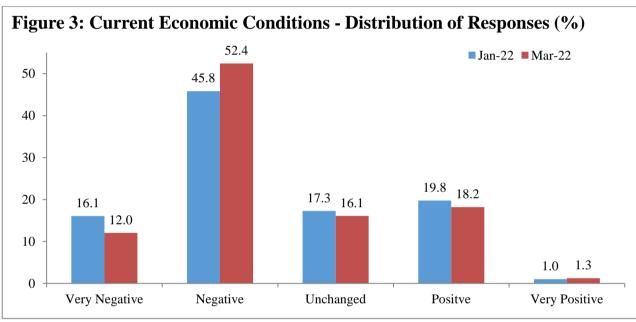
DI < 50 indicates that Positive views are less than the Negative views.

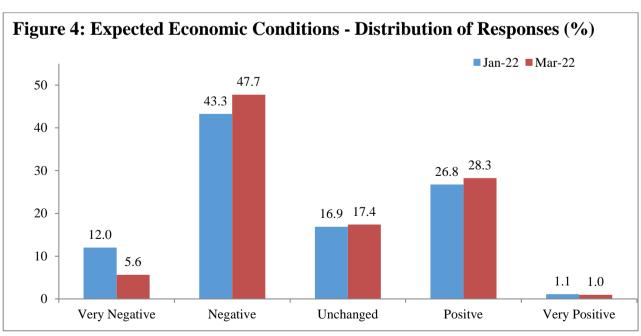
Table 1: Consumer Indices - Diffusion

Month	Mar-21	May-21	Jul-21	Sep-21	Nov-21	Jan-22	Mar-22	% change (Mar-22)
CEC	37.7	38.0	40.5	38.3	35.6	35.97	36.04	0.20
CCI	41.1	40.7	44.1	41.6	38.0	38.19	39.42	3.20
EEC	44.6	43.3	47.8	44.8	40.3	40.42	42.79	5.87

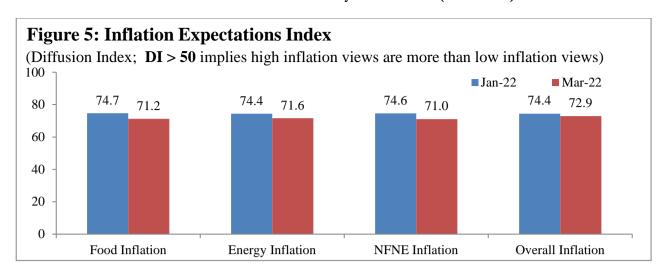
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See Annexure for the methodology of the index computation







## Consumer Confidence Survey March 2022 (62<sup>nd</sup> Wave)



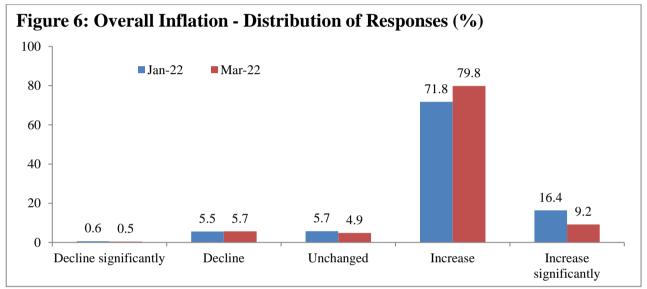


Table 2: Inflation Expectations by Group

Diffusion Index	Mar-21	May-21	Jul-21	Sep-21	Nov-21	Jan-22	Mar-22	% change (Mar-22)
Overall	71.5	71.9	70.7	74.0	73.5	74.4	72.9	-2.1
Food Inflation	69.9	69.4	69.2	72.5	73.7	74.7	71.2	-4.6
<b>Energy Inflation</b>	72.6	71.1	69.7	72.6	74.9	74.4	71.6	-3.7
NFNE Inflation	72.1	70.8	69.2	72.3	74.4	74.6	71.0	-4.8

Table 3: Other Highlights

Diffusion Index	Nov-21	Jan-22	Mar-22	% change (Mar-22)
Unemployment in next six months	70.0	71.0	66.6	-6.2
Interest rate in next six months	67.6	69.8	67.7	-3.1
Income a year later	51.7	55.4	55.2	-0.3
Suitability of time in the next six months to purchase durable items	31.1	30.0	33.5	11.7
Suitability of time in the next six months to purchase a vehicle	30.3	28.8	31.7	9.9
Suitability of current time for purchasing a house	32.2	28.2	32.2	14.1
Outlook for better financial conditions of households in next six months	48.2	48.7	48.3	-0.7

For detail data of the survey visit SBP website: https://www.sbp.org.pk/research/CCS-d.asp

## Consumer Confidence Survey March 2022 (62nd Wave)

# Annexure: Computation of Diffusion Index

The perceptions of consumers about the economy are presented through four composite indices:

- (i) **Current Economic Conditions (CEC)** index, which is the average of diffusion indices of the following three questions:
  - a) اُپ اور آپ کے گھر والوں کے مالی حالات پچھلے چھ ماہ کے مقابلے میں آج کیسے ہیں؟ How do you assess present financial position of your family compared to the last six months?
  - b) ملک کے عام معاشی حالات پچھلے چھ ماہ کے مقابلے میں آج کیسے ہیں؟ How do you assess present general economic condition of the country compared to the last six months?
  - c) وفت کیساہے؟ فرنیچر،فریج, ٹیلیویژن وغیرہ خریدنےکے لئے پچھلے چھ ماہ کے مقابلے میں یہ وقت کیساہے؟ In your opinion, compared to the last 6 months, how do you see the current time for buying durable goods such as furniture, refrigerator, television etc.?
- (ii) **Expected Economic Conditions (EEC)** index; which is the average of diffusion indices of the following three questions:
  - a) اپ کے خیال میں آج سے چھ ماہ بعد آپ اور آپ کے گھر والوں کے مالی حالات کیسے ہوں گئے؟

    How do you expect your financial position to change over the next six months from now?
  - b) آج کے مقابلے میں اگلے چھ ماہ کے دوران ملک کے عام معاشی حالات کیسے رہیں گے؟

    How do you expect general economic conditions in the country to develop over the next six months from now?
  - c) آج کے مقابلے میں اگلے چھ ماہ کے دور ان بیروزگاری What do you think unemployment over the next six months from now?
- (iii) Consumer Confidence Index (CCI); which is the average of CEC and EEC, as above.
- (iv) Inflation Expectations Index (IEI); which is the diffusion index of the following question about prices: آج کے مقابلے میں اگلے چھ ماہ کے دور ان عام استعمال کی چیزوں کی قیمتیں

  How do you expect that prices in general will develop over the next six months from now?

#### Rotating Panel:

The sample of the survey consists of a rotating panel with 33 % of respondents are those households which were surveyed six months earlier, while the remaining 67 % are the fresh. The stratification scheme of the survey is implemented in rotating panel too.

### Index Calculation\*\*

SBP reports results of households, businesses and other perception surveys in the form of Diffusion Index (DI). The Diffusion Index shows the general tendency of respondents about a certain aspect of a particular survey. The questionnaire for this survey offers five types of options to the respondents for each question.

- (i) PP= Increase/improve significantly;
- (ii) P = Increase/improve;
- (iii) E = Unchanged/neutral;
- (iv) N = decline /deteriorate; and
- (v) NN = decline/deteriorate significantly.

On the basis of these five options, the Diffusion Index is computed in the following two steps:

Step 1: Net Response (NR) is computed as below:

 $NR = (1.00*PP) + (0.50 \times P) + (-0.50 \times N) + (-1.00*NN).$ 

Step 2: Diffusion Index (DI) is computed as follows:

DI = (100 + NR) / 2

Where DI ranges from 0 to 100; interpretation of which is as follows:

DI > 50 indicates that Positive views are more than Negative views;

DI = 50 indicates that Positive views and Negative views are equal;

DI < 50 indicates that Positive views are less than the Negative views.

NOTE: "Don't Know" responses have been excluded in compilation and analysis of this report.

<sup>\*\*</sup>For references see:

<sup>1)</sup> OECD (2003); Business Tendency Surveys A Handbook; Statistics Directorate, OECD; https://www.oecd.org/std/leading-indicators/31837055.pdf

<sup>2)</sup> European Commission (2014); The joint harmonised EU programme of business and consumer surveys: User Guide; March; <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/economy\_finance/publications/">http://ec.europa.eu/economy\_finance/publications/</a>.